#### **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education** 

# MARK SCHEME for the March 2016 series

# 0452 ACCOUNTING

0452/22

Paper 22, maximum raw mark 120

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#### 1 (a)

# Abhinav – Petty Cash Book

Total received	Date	Details	Total paid	Postage and stationery	Travel	Cleaning	Ledger accounts
\$	2016		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
24.00	Feb 1	Balance b/d					
96.00		Bank					
	4	Stamps	14.00	14.00 <b>} (1)</b>			
	7	Copy paper and cartridges	33 00	33.00 }			
4.00 (1)	10	Refund from stationery					
	13	Train fare	9.50		9.50 <b>(1)</b>		
	15	Office Supply Ltd	29.00				29.00 <b>(1)</b>
	21	Taxi fare	9.90		9.90 (1)		
	26	Window cleaner	17.00			17.00 <b>(1)</b>	
			112.40	47.00	19.40	17.00	29.00
	29	Balance c/d	11.60				
124.00			124.00				
11.60 <b>(1)</b>	Mar 1	Balance b/d					

- (1) Dates
- (1) OF Totalling analysis columns (1) OF Totalling total columns

[10]

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(b)	(i) (ii)							[1]
	` '	debit			credit			
		Petty cash	(1)	Cash/bank/	cash book	(1)		
	'						_	[2]
(c)		10	At Postage and s \$	_	count		\$	
	201 Feb	o 29 Petty cash	47 (1)	2016 Feb 29	Petty cash		4 (1)	[2]
(d)	(i)	Consistency (1)						[1]
	(ii)	Money measureme	ent <b>(1)</b>					[1]
	(iii)	Realisation (1)						[1]
	(iv)	Going concern (1)						[1]
								[Total: 19]
2 (a)	201 Jar	1 Error correctio	Cash Book \$	eville Limited (bank colum 2016 I) Jan 1	nns only) Balance Bank charge:	b/d s	\$ 3 420 190 <b>(1</b>	)
			3 940	2016 Jan 1	PB Limited (Dis. Chq.)  Balance	b/d	330 (1 3 940 2 940 (1	

2

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(b)

# Aireville Limited Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 December 2015

	\$
Balance on bank statement	(1 800) <b>(1)</b>
Amounts not yet credited – cash sales (1)	1 560 <b>(1)</b>
	(240)
Cheques not yet presented – M Raja (1)	<u>2 700 <b>(1)</b></u>
Balance in cash book	(2 940) <b>(1of)</b>

# **Alternative presentation**

# Aireville Limited Bank Reconciliation Statement at 31 December 2015

	<b>\$</b>
Balance in cash book	(2 940) <b>(1of)</b>
Cheques not yet presented – M Raja (1)	2 700 (1)
	(240)
Amounts not yet credited – Cash sales (1)	1 560 <b>(1)</b>
Balance on bank statement	(1 800) <b>(1)</b>

[6]

(c)

					_	
Aireville Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2015						
	Ordinary share capital	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
On 1 January 2015	300 000	24 000	45 000	369 000	(1)	
Share issue	50 000			50 000	(1)	
Profit for the year			49 000	49 000	(1)	
Dividend paid (for 2014)			(25 000)	(25 000)	(1)	
Dividend paid (for 2015)			(15 000)	(15 000)	(1)	
Transfer to general reserve		10 000	(10 000)		(1)	
On 31 December 2015	350 000	34 000	44 000	428 000	(1of)	

[7]

(d) Prior claim on the profits of the company
Interest must be paid irrespective of whether there is a profit
Prior claim on the assets of the company in a winding-up
Funds must be available when repayment is due

Or other relevant point Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

[Total: 19]

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(а			Daksha nt of Affairs at 3  \$  Cost  90 000 27 200 8 000 125 200		\$ Book value 90 0 21 7	00 (1) 60 (1of) 00 (1of)
		Inventory Trade receivables Less Provision for doubtful debts Other receivables Petty cash Total assets		3 900 117 <b>(1)</b>	3 7 3	
		Capital and liabilities Capital Balance				00 <b>(1of)</b>
		Non-current liabilities Loan			30 0	00 (1)
		Current liabilities Trade payables Other payables Bank overdraft			1	50 (1) 60 (1) 60 (1) 70
		Total liabilities			125 6	70_
						[1

(b) Daksha Capital account \$ \$ 2016 2015 Jan 31 **Drawings** 4 200 (1) Feb 1 Balance 97 200 (1) 11 800 **(1of)** 93 200 **(1of)** Loss for year 2016 Balance c/d Jan 31 Bank/Cash 12 000 **(1)** 109 200 109 200 2016 Feb 1 Balance b/d 93 200 [5]

[Total: 20]

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# 4 (a)

# Lodi Sports Club

Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 31 January 2016
--

	. tooo.pto a.i.a.i. a.j	inionico / tooodine			0.0
	·	\$	_	•	\$
2016			2015		
Jan 31	Subscriptions	14 700 <b>(1)</b>	Feb 1	Balance b/d	210
	Sale of equipment	275 <b>(1)</b>	2016		
	Balance c/d	739	Jan 31	Rent	3 900 <b>(1)</b>
				General expenses	1 454 <b>(1)</b>
				Insurance	1 550 <b>(1)</b>
				Equipment	7 200 (1)
				Bank loan	1 250 <b>(1)</b>
				Bank interest	150 <b>(1)</b>
		15 714			15 714
			2016		
			1 Feb	Balance b/d	739 <b>(1of)</b>
					[9]

(b) 
$$150 (1) \times $100 (1) = $15 000$$
  
OR  $($14 700 - ($200 + $500)(1) + $1000 (1)) = $15 000$   
OR  $$14 000 (1) + $1000 (1) = $15 000$ 

(c)

•)							
		Statement of fina	ncial p	oosition			
		section		amount (	\$)		
	Bank loan	Non-current liabilities	(1)	3750	(1)		
	Interest on bank loan	Current liabilities	(1)	50	(1)		
	Rent	Current assets	(1)	300	(1)		

[6]

[2]

[Total: 17]

Pa	age '	7	_	Mark Scheme			llabus	Paper
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5	(a)			N //	ohan			
					onan icles accou	ınt		
				\$	10100 00000			\$
		2014		<b>T</b>	2014			<del>*</del>
		Jan 1	Balance b/d		Dec 31	Balance c/d	40	000
			A – 12 000					
		luke 4	B – <u>13 000</u>	25 000 45 000 (4)				
		July 1	Bank C	<u>15 000</u> <b>(1)</b> 40 000				000
		2015		40 000	2015			3 000
		Jan 1	Balance b/d		Dec 31	Balance c/d	40	000
			A – 12 000					
			B – 13 000	40.000 (4)				
			C – <u>15 000</u>	<u>40 000</u> <b>(1)</b>				2.000
		2016		40 000			4(	000
		Jan 1	Balance b/d					
			A – 12 000					
			B – 13 000					
			C – <u>15 000</u>	40 000 <b>(1)</b>				
			Provis	sion for depreciatio	n of motor	vehicles account		
				\$		Table adda and		\$
		2014			2014			
		Dec 31	Balance c/d	17 600	Jan 1	Balance b/d		
						A – 7 200	4.	1 100
					Dec 31	B – <u>3 900</u> Income stateme		1 100
					50001	A – 2 400 <b>(1)</b>		
						B – 2 600 <b>(1)</b>		
						C – <u>1 500</u> (1)		5 500
		2045		17 600	0045		17	7 600
		2015 Dec 31	Balance c/d	25 600	2015 Jan 1	Balance b/d		
		Dec 31	Dalalice C/U	20 000	Jail I	A – 9 600		
						B – 6 500		
						C – <u>1 500</u>	17	7 600 <b>(1o</b>
					Dec 31	Income stateme	nt	
						A – 2 400}		
						B – 2 600 <b>}(1)</b> C – <u>3 000</u> <b>(1)</b>	g	3 000
				<u> </u>		5 - <u>5 000</u> (1)		- 000

25 600

2016 Jan 1

Balance b/d A -12 000 B - 9 100 C - <u>4 500</u> 25 600

25 600 (1of)

[11]

+ (1) dates

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(b)

### Mohan

Extract from Statement of Financial Position at 31 December 2015						
Non-current assets	Cost	Accumulated	Book			
		depreciation	value			
	\$	\$	\$			
Motor vehicles	40 000 <b>of</b>	25 600 <b>(1of)</b>	14 400 <b>(1of</b>			

(d)

	account debited		account credited	
transferring the original cost of the motor vehicle from the asset account	Disposal	(1)	Motor vehicles	(1)
transferring the accumulated depreciation on the motor vehicle from the provision account	Provision for depreciation of motor vehicles	(1)	Disposal	(1)
recording the proceeds of sale of the motor vehicle	Cash	(1)	Disposal	(1)

[6]

[Total: 21]

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6 (a)

Ratio	Annie	
Rate of inventory turnover to <b>two</b> decimal places	7.26 times	(2)
Percentage of profit for the year to capital employed (ROCE) (to <b>two</b> decimal places)	4.13%	(2)
Trade receivables collection period (rounded up to the next whole day)	40 days	(2)

Calculations to show the breakdown of marks:

Rate of inventory turnover

$$\frac{30\,500}{(3\,600+4\,800)\div 2}$$
 (1) whole formula = 7.26 times (1)

Percentage of profit for the year to capital employed

$$\frac{3800}{92000} (1) \times \frac{100}{1} = 4.13\% (1)$$

Trade receivables collection period

$$\frac{4350}{40000} \times \frac{365}{1}$$
 (1) whole formula = 39.69 = 40 days (1) [6]

(b) Different type of goods (1)

Food has a lower gross profit margin than clothing (1)

The food store is cutting prices to sell more goods (1)

[2]

(c) Total revenue from sales may increase so profit may increase (1)

Customers may look for cheaper suppliers, so profits may actually fall (1)

[2]

(d) Mark and Tony (1)
Annie's expenses/revenue is 14.25%: Mark and Tony's ratio is 5.15% (1)

[2]

(e) Different type of goods (1)

Food sells more quickly than clothing (1)
Food is in greater demand than clothing

**OR** Food store will probably have a lower value of inventory

**OR** Food is cheaper than clothing (1)

(f) EITHER Reduce inventory levels (1)
OR Increase sales activity (1)
[1]

[2]

[1]

 (g) Increase profit for the year/increase efficiency/use resources more effectively Reduce long term liabilities
 Any 1 (1)

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## (h) Mark and Tony (1) OF

They take an average of 34 days to collect debts whereas Annie takes an average of 40 days (1) OF

(i) The businesses should be of approximately the same size/same capital

The results are for one year only and will not show trends

The financial year may end at different times of the trading cycle

The businesses may operate different accounting policies

The businesses may have different types of expenses

The statements do not show non-monetary factors

It may not be possible to obtain all the information needed to make comparisons

### Or other valid points

Any 2 (1) each

# Not the following which are given in the question

Type of goods

Type of business (sole trader/partnership)

Life of business

[2]

[2]

(j)

	Increase	Decrease	No effect
Create a provision for doubtful debts		<b>√</b> (1)	
Delay payments to credit suppliers			<b>√(1)</b>
Obtain a long term loan	<b>√</b> (1)		
Obtain permission from the bank to increase the overdraft			<b>√(1)</b>

[4]

[Total: 24]